Subject: CHINESE

SYLLABUS AND SAMPLE QUESTIONS

Note:

Paper-II contains 50 multiple objective type questions each carrying 2 marks. The questions are written in Chinese meant to test the candidates’ (1) Chinese Language ability, (2) Knowledge about Chinese language and literature and (3) General Knowledge and understanding of Chinese civilization and culture, history and China’s modern development. Paper III is an essay-type paper consisting of descriptive type questions. The paper is divided into two Parts-A & B. Part-A contains ten short questions. Each question carries 16 marks. Six are to be answered in Chinese in 150 characters each; these questions are meant to test the candidate’s knowledge of Chinese language and script, development of Chinese literature and major Chinese writers. Chinese philosophical traditions, major political/historical events/figures, important theoretical concepts, social issues, major festivals, major Chinese cities and historical monuments, etc. Remaining four questions of Part-A will be of translation, two each of Chinese to English and English to Chinese. Part-B is essay writing in Chinese, it is to be answered in 600 characters and carry 40 marks.

用选择法回答五十个问题。测验考试员对中国语言、文字、文学、哲学、历史、政治、经济等各方面的知识与了解。

用叙述法回答十个问题和一篇作文。十题中四题为中翻英及英翻中。测验考试员对中国语言、文字、文学、文化、哲学、政治、经济、社会等各方面的知识与了解。
I. Choose the correct one among the four given clues against each question.
   e.g.,
   诗句“春眠不觉晓，处处闻啼鸟”是
   a. 王之焕 b. 李白 c. 孟浩然 d. 杜甫写的。

II. Fill in the blanks with the correct characters given in the clues. e.g.,
   拨苗( )长
   a. 助 b. 望 c. 看 d. 生

III. Tick mark the odd one out. e.g.,
   a. 鲁迅 b. 巴金 c. 老舍 d. 邓小平

IV. Answer the question by choosing the correct one from the clues. e.g.,
   中华人民共和国是哪年成立的？
   a. 一九一一年 b. 一九三八 c. 一九四九年 d. 一九五O年

V. Comment on the statement. If it is correct mark “a”, if it is wrong mark “b”, if it is subject to interpretations mark “c”. e.g.,
   辛亥革命发生在一九一一年。
   a. b. c. d.

VI. Pair the number with a, b, c, d, according to their complementarity. e.g.,
   50. 悠久 a. 历史
I. Answer the first six questions in Chinese.

Unit—I
介绍一下中文/汉语的特点。

Unit—II
讨论中国/现代/当代文学作品/作家。

Unit—III
讨论中国的文化/哲学思想。

Unit—IV
讨论中国现代/当代的主要政治事件或者政治领袖。

Unit—V
讨论中国政治理论概念。

Unit—VI
讨论中国社会情况。

Units—VII & VIII
Translate into English, such as:

拉。甘地在1988年年底访问中国，对中印局势的缓和作出了重大的贡献。中印两国在历史上有和平友好的关系，只是由于边界问题上发生纠纷，又发生了冲突，两国关系恶化。目前两国政府正在寻求边界问题的合理解决，同时又发展贸易，科学技术，文化等方面的交往。

Units—IX & X
Translate into Chinese, such as:

The problems confronting an agricultural country are various. First, machine power must be employed to lighten the hard labour of the peasants. Second, the countryside must be transformed from the self-sufficient type of natural economy into a modern commodity economy. Third, the traditionally land-bound peasants must become workers of modern knowledge and skill.

Part—B

XI. Write an essay in Chinese on any one topic, such as:

1. 中国和印度
2. 中国的经济发展
3. 难忘的一件事

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